

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Diffusion Solar Protectant

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier : Diffusion Solar Protectant**Other means of identification** : Not available.**Product use** : Solar protectant**Supplier's details** : OR-CAL Inc.
29454 Meadowview Rd.
Junction City, OR 97448
541-689-4413 (Office)
541-689-5026 (FAX)
www.orcalinc.com
EPA Establishment No.52251-OR-005**e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS** : chelsea@orcalinc.com**Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)** : CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 (US and Canada)
National Pesticide Information Center: 1-800-858-7378
American Association of Poison Control Centers: 1-800-222-1222

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).**Classification of the substance or mixture** : SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :**Signal word** : Warning**Hazard statements** : Causes skin and eye irritation.

Precautionary statements

Prevention : Wear protective gloves. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.**Response** : Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.**Storage** : Not applicable.**Disposal** : Not applicable.**Hazards not otherwise classified** : None known.**Hazards identified when used** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture
Other means of identification : Not available.

Ingredient name	Synonyms	%	Identifiers
Limestone	Calcium carbonate; Marble; calcite; MARBLE DUST; VALERITE; GROUND LIMESTONE; LIMESTONE FLOUR; LIMESTONE, GROUND; Agstone; CALCIUM CARBONATE (MARBLE)	≥45 - ≤70	CAS: 1317-65-3
ethanol	ethyl alcohol; ALCOHOL; Ethyl alcohol (Ethanol); EtOH; Grain alcohol; Cologne spirit; undenatured ethyl alcohol, of an alcoholic strength by volume of 80 % or more and containing up to 20 % activated carbon; aqueous solution, containing by weight - 25 % or more, but not more than 35 % of a copolymer of vinyl caprolactam, vinyl pyrrolidone, N,N-dimethylaminopropyl methacrylamide and 3-(methacryloylamino) propyllauryldimethylammonium chloride, - 10 % or more, but not more than 16 % of ethanol whether or not denatured with tert-butyl alcohol and/or denatonium benzoate; Blend, consisting of ethyl alcohol, ethyl acetate and aldehydes, higher alcohols and water; blend, consisting of ethyl alcohol, ethyl acetate and water; Denatured Alcohol	≥1 - ≤5	CAS: 64-17-5
crystalline silica, respirable powder	alpha-quartz; Silica, crystalline (quartz); Silica, Crystalline Quartz; SILICA, CRYSTALLINE, QUARTZ; Silica-Crystalline, Quartz; Silica - Crystalline Quartz; Silica-Crystalline : Quartz; Silica, crystalline - quartz	>0.01 - <0.1	CAS: 14808-60-7
calcium hypochlorite	Hypochlorous acid, calcium salt (2:1); Hypochlorous acid, calcium salt; Calcium hypochlorite, hydrated, with not less than 5.5% but not more than 16% water; calcium hypochlorite, commercial; BLEACHING POWDER; Calcium hypochlorite, hydrated mixture, corrosive; Calcium hypochlorite, hydrated mixture; Calcium hypochlorite, hydrated, corrosive; Calcium hypochlorite, hydrated; Calcium hypochlorite mixture, dry,	>0.001 - <0.1	CAS: 7778-54-3

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

calcium carbonate	corrosive; Calcium hypochlorite mixture, dry Carbonic acid calcium salt (1:1); Carbonic acid, calcium salt (1:1); CI 77220; C.I. Pigment White 18; Sugar refinery carbonatation mud; Limestone; Marble; Whiting; pre-mix, consisting of oxytetracycline hydrochloride (INN) on a base of calcium carbonate; E 170; chalk; C.I. 77220; aragonite; calcite; limestone; marble; carbonic acid salt (1:1); PIGMENT WHITE 18	>0.0001 - <0.01	CAS: 471-34-1
4-allylveratrole	Benzene, 1,2-dimethoxy-4-(2-propen-1-yl)-; Benzene, 1,2-dimethoxy-4-(2-propenyl)-; Benzene, 4-allyl-1,2-dimethoxy; Eugenyl methyl ether; METHYL EUGENOL; 1,2-dimethoxy-4-(prop-2-en-1-yl)benzene; 4-allyl-1,2-dimethoxybenzene; 1,2-DIMETHOXY-4-(2-PROPENYL)BENZENE; eugenyl methyl ether; 4-allylveratrole; methyleugenol; methyl eugenol; Benzene, 4-allyl-1,2-dimethoxy-; EUGENYL METHYL ETHER--NLFG	>0.0001 - <0.01	CAS: 93-15-2

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Section 4. First aid measures

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes eye irritation.
- Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation.
- Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
watering
redness
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam. Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.

- Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
metal oxide/oxides

- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

- Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Limestone	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020) [calcium carbonate] TWA 10 hours: 10 mg/m³. Form: Total. TWA 10 hours: 5 mg/m³. Form: Respirable fraction. CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 1/2025) TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m³. Form: respirable fraction. TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m³. Form: total dust. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) TWA 8 hours: 15 mg/m³. Form: Total dust. TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m³. Form: Respirable fraction. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989) [Marble] TWA 8 hours: 15 mg/m³. Form: Total dust. TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m³. Form: Respirable fraction. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989) [Limestone] TWA 8 hours: 15 mg/m³. Form: Total dust. TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m³. Form: Respirable fraction. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989) [Calcium carbonate] TWA 8 hours: 15 mg/m³. Form: Total dust. TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m³. Form: Respirable fraction.
ethanol	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020) TWA 10 hours: 1000 ppm. TWA 10 hours: 1900 mg/m³. CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) TWA 8 hours: 1900 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 1000 ppm. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) TWA 8 hours: 1000 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 1900 mg/m³. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989) TWA 8 hours: 1000 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 1900 mg/m³. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) A3. STEL 15 minutes: 1000 ppm.
crystalline silica, respirable powder	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020) [SILICA, CRYSTALLINE] NIA. TWA 10 hours: 0.05 mg/m³. Form: respirable dust. CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 1/2025) TWA 8 hours: 0.05 mg/m³. OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 6/2016) TWA 8 hours: 250 / (%SiO₂+5) mppcf. Form: Respirable. TWA 8 hours: 10 / (%SiO₂+2) mg/m³. Form: Respirable. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) [Silica, crystalline] TWA 8 hours: 50 µg/m³. Form: Respirable dust. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989)

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	TWA 8 hours: 0.1 mg/m³ (as quartz). Form: Respirable dust. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) [Silica, crystalline] A2. TWA 8 hours: 0.025 mg/m³. Form: Respirable fraction.
calcium hypochlorite	None.
calcium carbonate	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020) [calcium carbonate] TWA 10 hours: 10 mg/m³. Form: Total. TWA 10 hours: 5 mg/m³. Form: Respirable fraction. CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m³. Form: total dust. TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m³. Form: respirable fraction.
4-allylveratrole	None.

Biological exposure indices

None known.

- Appropriate engineering controls** : Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
- Skin protection**
- Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

- Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
Recommended: Ensure an MSHA/NIOSH-approved respirator or equivalent is used.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid. [Thick]
Color : White.
Odor : Sweet. Spicy.
Odor threshold : Not available.
pH : 8 to 10.8
Melting point/freezing point : Not available.
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range : Not available.
Flash point : >100°C (>212°F)
Evaporation rate : Not available.
Flammability : Non-flammable.
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit : Not available.
Vapor pressure : Not available.
Relative vapor density : Not available.
Relative density : 1.627
Solubility in water : 35 %
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.
Decomposition temperature : Not available.
Viscosity : Dynamic (room temperature): Not available.
 Kinematic (room temperature): Not available.
 Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): Not available.
Explosive properties : Not available.
Oxidizing properties : Not available.
Particle characteristics
Median particle size : Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

- Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
- Chemical stability** : The product is stable.
- Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
- Conditions to avoid** : Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.
- Incompatible materials** : May react or be incompatible with acids.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result and Species	Dose [Exposure]	Remarks
Calcium 60 SC	Oral - Unknown species - LD50	>5000 mg/kg	-
	Dermal - Unknown species - LD50	>5000 mg/kg	-
Limestone	Oral - Rat - LD50	6450 mg/kg	-
crystalline silica, respirable powder	Oral - Rat - LD50	500 mg/kg	-
calcium hypochlorite	Oral - Rat - LD50	850 mg/kg	-
calcium carbonate	Oral - Rat - LD50	6450 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result and Species	Exposure	Remarks
Limestone	Eyes - Unknown species - Slight irritant	-	-
	Skin - Unknown species - Slight irritant	-	-
crystalline silica, respirable powder	Skin - Unknown species - Not irritant	-	-
	Eyes - Unknown species - Not irritant	-	-
calcium carbonate	Eyes - Rat - Severe irritant	Duration of treatment/ exposure: 24 hours	-

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : Causes skin irritation.
Eyes : Causes serious eye irritation.
Respiratory : Not available.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : Not available.
Respiratory : Not available.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Classification

Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
crystalline silica, respirable powder	+	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.
calcium hypochlorite	-	3	-
4-allylveratrole	-	2A	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
calcium hypochlorite	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
crystalline silica, respirable powder	Category 1	inhalation	-

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure : Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes eye irritation.
Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact : Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
 pain or irritation
 watering
 redness
Inhalation : No specific data.
Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
 irritation
 redness
Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.
Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.
Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
calcium hypochlorite	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
4-allylveratrole	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result [Exposure]	Species	Remarks
calcium hypochlorite	Acute - LC50 0.057 to 0.06 mg/l [96 hours]	Fish - <i>Bluegill-Lepomis macrochirus</i>	-
	Acute - LC50 0.037 mg/l [96 hours]	Fish - <i>Atlantic silverside-Menidia menidia</i>	-
	Acute - EC50 0.000073 to 0.000079 mg/l [48 hours]	Crustaceans - <i>Water flea-Daphnia magna</i>	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.

Mobility in soil

Soil/Water partition coefficient	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Label						
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	Marine Pollutant: No	No.

Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments : Not intended.

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations

TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: calcium hypochlorite

TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification

Not applicable.

Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) : Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances : Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances : Not listed

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals) : Not listed

Section 15. Regulatory information

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals) : Not listed

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification : SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
Limestone	≥45 - ≤70	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B
ethanol	≥1 - ≤5	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
crystalline silica, respirable powder	>0.01 - <0.1	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
calcium hypochlorite	>0.001 - <0.1	OXIDIZING SOLIDS - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
calcium carbonate	>0.0001 - <0.01	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
4-allylveratrole	>0.0001 - <0.01	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

State regulations

Massachusetts : The following components are listed: CALCIUM CARBONATE; ETHYL ALCOHOL

New York : None of the components are listed.

New Jersey : The following components are listed: CALCIUM CARBONATE; ETHYL ALCOHOL

Pennsylvania : The following components are listed: LIMESTONE; ETHANOL

California Prop. 65

 **WARNING:** This product can expose you to chemicals including Silica, crystalline and Methyleugenol, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Silica, crystalline	-	-
Methyleugenol	-	-

EPA PFAS Compilation from Comptox

Not listed.

TSCA 8(a)7 - One-time Reporting PFAS

Not listed.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Section 15. Regulatory information

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

OECD Comprehensive Global PFAS Database

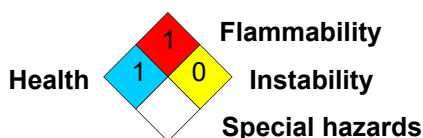
Not listed.

Inventory list

Eurasian Economic Union	: Russian Federation inventory: All components are listed or exempted.
New Zealand	: All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines	: All components are listed or exempted.
Republic of Korea	: All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan	: All components are listed or exempted.
United States	: All components are listed, exempted, or notified.
Viet Nam	: All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2	Calculation method
EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B	Calculation method

History

Date of printing	: 06/30/2025
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 06/30/2025
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation
Version	: 1

Key to abbreviations	: ADR = Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor DOT = Department of Transportation GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available
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Section 16. Other information

RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

SGG = Segregation Group

TDG = Transportation of Dangerous Goods

UN = United Nations

References : Not available.

▀ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.